ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

# City Of Muleshoe, Texas Annual Financial Report For The Year Ended September 30, 2018

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# RANDALL L. FIELD, P.C.

214 WEST SECOND MULESHOE, TEXAS 79347

# Independent Auditor's Report

To the City Council City Of Muleshoe, Texas 215 South First Street Muleshoe, Texas 79347

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City Of Muleshoe, Texas ("the City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# **Basis for Qualified Opinion**

Management has not recorded the OPEB liability for the healthcare-related post-employment benefits as decribed in Note P, as required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75. The amount by which this departure would affect liabilities and expenses in the governmental activities, business-type activities, and the major enterprise fund has not been determined.

# **Qualified Opinions**

In my opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the "basis for Qualified Opinion" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and the enterprise major fund, of City Of Muleshoe, Texas as of September 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Opinions**

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each governmental major funds, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City Of Muleshoe, Texas as of September 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, and budgetary comparison information and schedule of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability and schedule of City pension contributions, and schedule of the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability and schedule of City OPEB contributions identified as Required Supplementary Information in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City Of Muleshoe, Texas's basic financial statements.

Randall L. Field, P.C.

Francis Freld PC

Muleshoe, Texas February 4, 2019

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended September 30, 2018

This section of City of Muleshoe annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the City's financial performance during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's total combined net positions were \$7,566,270 at September 30, 2018. Of this amount, \$982,833 is unrestricted and
  may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors in accordance with the City's fund
  designation and fiscal policies.
- During the year, the City's total net position decreased by \$ 59,155.
- The total cost of the City's programs was virtually unchanged from last year, and no new programs were added this year.
- The general fund reported a fund balance this year of \$ 615,347.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts—management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the City:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the government, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Enterprise fund statements offer short- and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like businesses.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-1F, Required Components of the City's Annual Financial Report

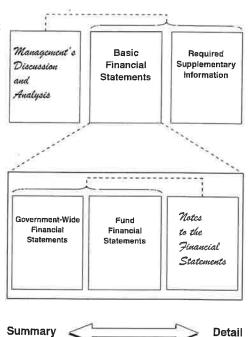


Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the City's financial statements, including the portion of the City government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended September 30, 2018

Figure A-2. Major Features of the City's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Type of Statements	Government-wide	Governmental Funds	Fund Statements Enterprise Funds
Entire Agency's government The act		The activities of the City that are not proprietary or fiduciary	Activities the City operates similar to private businesses
	Statement of net position	_ Balance sheet	_ Statement of net position
Required financial statements	_ Statement of Activities	Statement of revenues. expenditures & changes in fund balance	Statement of revenues.     expenses & changes in fund net position
			☐ Statement of cash flow
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities both financial and capital, short-term and long term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter, no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital and short-term and long-term
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year, expenditures when goods or services have been received and payments is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless when cash is received or paid

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended September 30, 2018

#### Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the City as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the City's net position and how they have changed. Net position—the difference between the City's assets and liabilities—is one way to measure the City's financial health.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the City, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the City's tax base

The government-wide financial statements of the City include the *Governmental activities*. Most of the City's basic services are included here, such as general government, public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, economic development, culture and recreation, and interest on long-term debt. Property taxes and grants finance most of these activities. The business-type activities of the city include the water and sewer and airport operations.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's most significant *funds*—not the City as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the City uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The City Council establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

The City has the following kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds—Most of the City's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, that explain the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Enterprise funds—Services for which the City charges customers a fee are generally reported in enterprise funds. Enterprise funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long-term and short-term financial information

### Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provide in the government-wide and fund statements.

# FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of government's financial position. The City's combined net positions were \$7,566,270 at September 30, 2018.

The largest portion of the City's net position reflects its investments in capital assets (e.g. land, building, equipment, improvements and construction in progress), less any debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide service to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended September 30, 2018

# CITY OF MULESHOE'S NET POSITION

		Governmental Activities		Business		Total			
	_	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016		
Current and other assets Restricted assets Capital assets Deferred outflow of resources Total Assets and Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$	2,324,852 \$ 5,251,286 661,776 8,237,914	3,116,469 \$ 4,551,855 653,571 8,321,895	1,590,865 \$ 2,337,565 3,686,859 140,213 7,755,502	1,306,312 \$	3,915,717 \$ 2,337,565 8,938,145 801,989 15,993,416	4,422,781 78,895 7,602,088 788,152 12,891,916		
Other liabilities Long-term liabilities Deferred inflows of resources  Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	407,400 4,331,532 8,330 4,747,262	144,211 4,307,434 25,003 4,476,648	137,273 3,395,918 2,328 3,535,519	180,734 295,673 6,778 483,185	544,673 7,727,450 10,658 8,282,781	324,945 4,603,107 31,781 4,959,833		
Net Position:  Net Investment in Capital Assets  Restricted  Unrestricted		2,458,286 1,207,556 (175,190)	1,567,855 1,385,153 892,239	2,880,258 - 1,339,725	3,050,233 = 1,036,603	5,338,544 1,207,556 1,164,535	4,618,088 1,385,153 1,928,842		
Total Net Position	\$ =	3,490,652 \$	3,845,247 \$	4,219,983 \$	4,086,836 \$	7,710,635 \$	7,932,083		

An additional portion of the City's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how the may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position \$982,382 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

As of September 30, 2018, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of Net Position for the governmental as whole.

### Analysis of the City's Operations

The City's total revenues were \$5,087,386. A significant portion, \$2,100,436 of the City's revenue comes from taxes. \$2,608,402 relates to charges for services, while only \$209,922 comes from operating grants.

Governmental Activities Governmental activities decreased Net Position after transfers by \$166,334 Governmental program revenues and expenses remained similar to prior year, except for the community development grant.

Business-type Activities: The Water and Sewer fund had an increase in net position for the year and there were no significant variation in revenue or expense in relation to prior year

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended September 30, 2018

The following table provides a summary for the City's operations for year ended September 30, 2018

# CITY OF MULESHOE'S CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Government	al Activities	Business-t	ype Activities	Tot	al
the .	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Revenues:						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for service	1 100 071	4.050.040	4 570 000			
Operating grants	1,109,071	1,056,612	1,573,036	1,551,790	2,682,107	2,608,402
	209,922	202,770	*	320	209,922	202,770
Capital grants	3	-		350	5 15	
General Revenues:		50			( A)	*
Property taxes	1,014,687	998,921	2	(2)	1,014,687	998,921
Sales taxes	719,745	642,130	×.	##C	719,745	642,130
Franchise taxes	303,606	277,003		(#)	303,606	277,003
Occupancy taxes	62,398	51,040	<u> </u>		62,398	51,040
Investment earnings	35,112	24,098	59,809	35,058	94,921	59,156
Miscellaneous		3,292				3,292
otal revenues	3,454,541	3,255,866	1,632,845	1,586,848	5,087,386	4,839,422
Expenses:						
General government	445,543	585,589			115 510	505 500
Police	1,007,779	978,195	-		445,543 1,007,779	585,589
Fire	164,042	112,772	•	•		978,195
Streets	553,758	518,450	Ē.	•	164,042	112,772
Maintenance Equipment	74,238	70,000			553,758	518,450
Sanitation	74,236	668,730	121	-	74,238	70,000
Health and Welfare	16,320	· ·	7,51	=	717,548	668,730
Parks	83,172	6,251 73,258	(e:	•	16,320	6,251
Swimming Pool	154,705	· ·		-	83,172	73,258
Library		155,477		5	154,705	155,477
Municipal Court	238,188	235,084	0.00		238,188	235,084
Golf Course	67,371	63,958	-	-	67,371	63,958
Code Enforcement	70,394	87,051	87.	<u>*</u>	70,394	87,051
	61,537	60,206		•	61,537	60,206
Economic Development	196,346	227,695	•	-	196,346	227,695
Interest on Long-Term Debt	67,949	35,966	370	<u>*</u>	67,949	35,966
Training Facility	5,997				5,997	
Water and Sewer			1,168,156	1,111,846	1,168,156	1,111,846
Airport	53,497	73,635		18	53,497	73,635
Total Expenses	3,978,384	3,952,317	1,168,156	1,111,846	5,146,540	5,064,163
icreases in Net Position						
Before Transfers	(523,843)	(696,451)	464,689	475,002	(59,154)	(221,449)
Transfers	357,509	341,855	(357,509)	(341,855)		(== ·/· · · · · /
Increases in Net Position	(166,334)	(354,596)	107,180	133,147	(59,154)	(221,449)
let Position- October 1	3,490,561	3,845,157	4,219,983	4,086,836	7,710,544	7,931,993
rior Period Adjustment - GASB Statement No. 75	(66,700)	88	(18,419)	.10001000	(85,119)	,,001,000
Net Position- September 30	3,257,527	3,490,561	4,308,744	4,219,983	7,566,271	7 710 544
	-12011021	0,00,001	1,000,177	4,213,303	7,500,271	7,710,544

The City was required to adopt Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 75, effective July 1, 2017. As permitted by GASB statement No. 75, prior fiscal year was not restated.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended September 30, 2018

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds- The focus of the City of Muleshoe's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balance of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as useful measure of government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Muleshoe's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,865,974. Approximately \$502,588 constitutes unassigned fund balance and \$90,984 is assigned for capital expenditures for equipment. The remaining is either nonspendable or restricted.

In the general fund, the City budgeted for a decrease in the fund balance on a budgeted basis of \$179,466. However due to expenditures being less than expected and revenue being more than expected the actual fund balance increased \$28,001 for the fiscal year 2018.

**Enterprise Funds-** The City's enterprise fund statements provide the same type of information found in the governmental-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the respective enterprise fund or Water and Sewer Fund was \$1,375,607.

#### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the City did revise its budget. Actual expenditures were \$8,326 below the final budget amounts and resources available were \$145,530 above the final budgeted amount.

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS**

At the end of 2018, the City had invested \$19,673,943 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, equipment, buildings, and vehicles.

#### CITY OF MULESHOE'S CAPITAL ASSETS

		nmental vities		ess-type vities	T	otal
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Land	\$ 612,284	\$ 612,284	\$ 833,127	\$ 833,127	1,445,411	1,445,411
Construction in progress	231,666	231,666	659,821	262,923	891,487	494,589
Buildings and improvements	4,327,623	4,273,593	104,173	104,173	4,431,796	4,377,766
Machinery and equipment	3,967,596	3,885,485	720,041	685,041	4,687,637	4,570,526
Water and sewer system	<b>:=</b> 1	=	6,063,143	5,740,359	6,063,143	5,740,359
Airport improvements	1,879,687	1,879,687	<b>*</b> C		1,879,687	1,879,687
Infrastructure	274,782	274,782	98	(€)	274,782	274,782
Totals at historical cost	11,293,638	11,157,497	8,380,305	7,625,623	19,673,943	18,783,120
Total accumulated depreciation	(6,304,352)	(5,906,211)	(4,130,652)	(3,938,764)	(10,435,004)	(9,844,975)
Net capital assets	\$4,989,286	\$5,251,286	\$4,249,653	\$3,686,859	\$ 9,238,939	\$ 8,938,145

More detailed information about the City's capital assets is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended September 30, 2018

#### **DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

At year-end, the City had \$ 7,151,867 in outstanding capital leases, notes, net pension liability and landfill closure cost. More detailed information about the City's debt is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

# CITY OF MULESHOE'S LONG TERM DEBT

		nmental vities	Business-type Activities		1.0 W 353			otal
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017		
Notes Payable Certificates of	<b>&gt;</b>	31,000	¥		2	31,000		
obligation	2,536,000	2,762,000	2,877,808	3,052,090	5,413,808	5,814,090		
Capital Lease	53,611							
Landfill closure cost	286,854	248,404			286,854	248,404		
Net pension liability	1,063,908	1,290,128	281,358	343,828	1,345,266	1,633,956		
OPEB liability	83,015		22,924		105,939			
Total notes payable	4,023,389	4,331,532	3,182,090	3,395,918	7,151,867	7,727,450		

# ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The City Council adopted a tax rate of \$0.7852 per \$100 evaluation to fund the Maintenance and Operation needs and Debt Service of the city. This tax rate is the effective tax rate.

Capital improvement funds allocated in the General Fund Include:

Police Department - Two police units, equipment, radios, computer equipment, crime scene equipment, bullet proof vests, and lease purchase debt - \$102,500.

Street Department - Dump Truck - \$28,000

Parks Department - Playground equipment, and irrigation system - \$31,800

Library - Building improvements, computer equipment, books and media \$18,500

Employee salaries were increased 4.9% in the FY2018-2019 Budget. The salary increases were a combination of cost of living adjustments and merit increases and were made possible because of efficiencies within each department. Salary adjustments were not dependent on any increase in revenues i.e. tax rate, sales taxes, fees for service, etc.

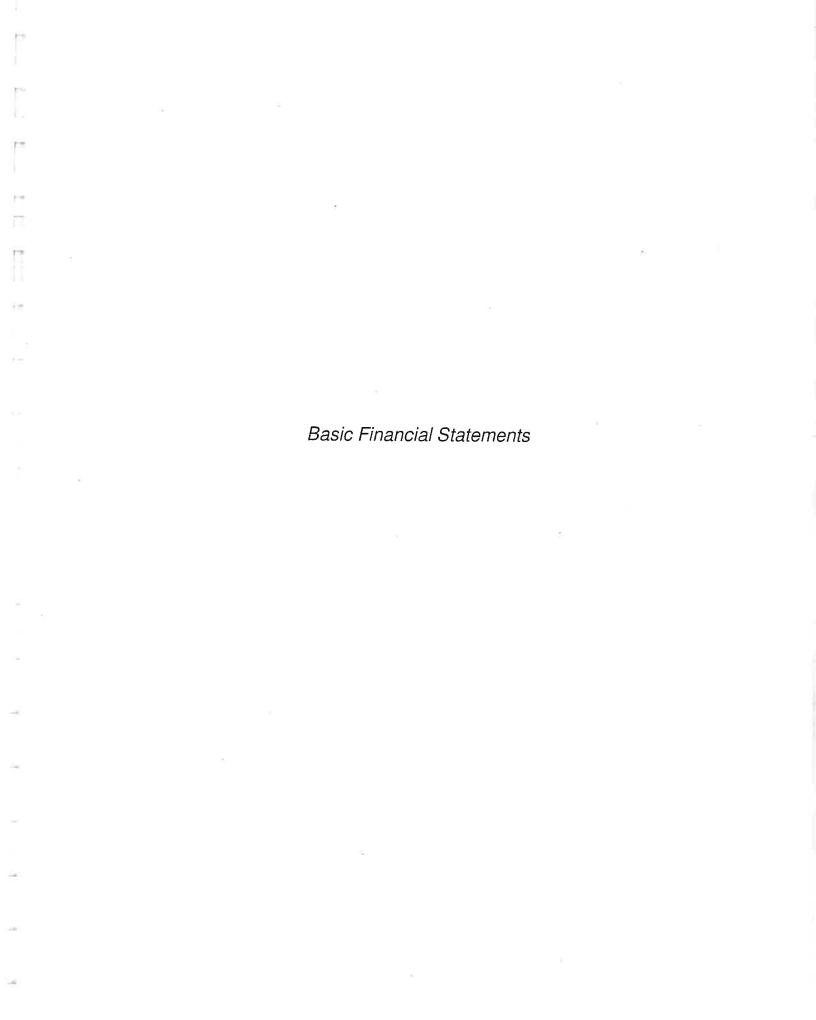
Medical insurance costs decreased 6% for FY2017-2018. The city offers a consumer driven insurance option to employees. This plan allows employees to choose from eight (8) medical plans that provide various deductibles, out-of-pocket expenses co-pays. The employee chooses the plan that best fits his/her situation. The city contributes \$557.30 toward employee medical coverage and \$400 for dependent coverage. Any medical insurance cost above the city's contribution is paid by the employee. The city also provides \$48.16 for employee dental and vision insurance. Salaries and employee benefits account for 24% of the city's total FY2018-2019 budget.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended September 30, 2018

The FY2018-2019 Annual Operating Budget for the City of Muleshoe is the product of many hours of deliberation and consideration by the City Council, Department Heads, Administrative, and Financial staff. The City firmly believes that this financial plan indicates the commitment of the city to continue to provide excellent efficient services to the citizens of Muleshoe and provides a plan to implement and develop growth within the city. In order to maintain fiscal stability, the City of Muleshoe maintains an Unreserved Fund Balance in each fund to meet unforeseen emergencies that may arise and to address future major capital improvement projects

# CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City Manager.



CITY OF MULESHOE, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

*		Governmental Activities	E	Business-type Activities		Total
ASSETS					_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,760,122	\$	1,591,652	\$	3,351,774
Receivables ( net of allowances for uncollectibles):						
Property Taxes- Delinquent		138,074				138,074
Accounts		165,451		132,407		297,858
Paving Liens		21,775				21,775
Notes Receivable		174,120				174,120
Due from Other Governments		6,439				6,439
Deferred Expenditures				8,402		8,402
Restricted assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents						
Customer Meter Deposits				86,575		86,575
Certificates of Obligation 2016				1,561,290		1,561,290
Capital Assets						
Land		612,284		833,127		1,445,411
Buildings and Improvements		4,327,623		104,173		4,431,796
Machinery and Equipment		3,967,596		720,041		4,687,637
Water and Sewer System		**		6,063,143		6,063,143
Airport Improvements		1,879,687		1		1,879,687
Infrastructure		274,782		( <b>**</b> )		274,782
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(6,304,352)		(4,130,652)		(10,435,004)
Construction in Progress Total Assets	_	231,666	-	659,821	_	891,487
Total Assets	=	7,255,267	_	7,629,979	_	14,885,246
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:						
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions		E07 047		104 540		040 407
Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB		507,947		134,540		642,487
Deferred Outflows Related to Refunding Bonds		9,673 120,383		2,671		12,344
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	-	638,003	_	137,211	-	120,383 775,214
	=	000,000	_	137,211	-	775,214
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		236,332		77,090		313,422
Accrued wages		25,601		7,369		32,970
Payable from Restricted Assets:				•		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Customer Deposits		-		86,575		86,575
Accrued Interest Payable		8,033		10,744		18,777
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Due within one year		258,584		155,000		413,584
Due in more than year		2,617,881		2,722,808		5,340,689
Net Pension Liability		1,063,908		281,358		1,345,266
OPEB Liability	_	83,015		22,924		105,939
Total Liabilities		4,293,354		3,363,868		7,657,222
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:						
Deferred Inflow Related to Pension		0.45.000				
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	342,389	-	94,579	_	436,968
Total Deletted Inflows of Nesources	_	342,389	-	94,579	_	436,968
NET POSITION:						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		2,399,675		0.000.105		E 000 010
Restricted For:		2,355,075		2,933,135		5,332,810
Debt Service		17,478				17 470
Street Maintenance		25,295		*** ***		17,478
Drug Seizure Proceeds		25,295		-		25,295
Economic Development		1,110,318				2,234
Hotel/Motel Occupancy Tax		95,302		##: ##3		1,110,318
Unrestricted		(392,775)		1,375,608		95,302 982,833
Total Net Position	\$	3,257,527	\$	4,308,743	<u>s</u> —	7,566,270
	*===		-	10001110	*	,,000,101

# CITY OF MULESHOE, TEXAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		_	Progra	m Revent	ies		
Functions/Programs Governmental Activities:	Expenses		Charges for Services	(	Operating Grants and Contributions		
General Government							
Police	\$ 445,5		43,819	\$	(96)		
Fire	1,007,7		:##		2,833		
	164,04		155		207,089		
Streets	553,7		2,534		9 <del>80</del>		
Maintenance Equipment	74,23	38	-				
Sanitation	717,54	48	885,712				
Health and Welfare	16,32	20	1				
Parks	83,17	72	5,882				
Swimming Pool	154,70	05	49,470		***		
Library	238,18	38	2,979		\$\$E		
Municipal Court	67,37	71	64,640		:		
Golf Course	70,39	94	15,600				
Code Enforcement	61,53		**:	27			
Economic Development and Assistance	196,34	ŀ6	13,302				
Airport	53,49		25,133		ine:		
Training Facility	5,99		Two Control		/ <del></del>		
Interest on Long-Term Debt	67,94		(2000)		70		
Total Governmental Activities	3,978,38		1,109,071		209,922		
Business-type Activities:							
Water and Sewer	1,168,15	6	1,573,036				
Total Business-type Activities	1,168,15		1,573,036				
Total Primary Government	\$ 5,146,54		2,682,107	\$	209,922		

# General Revenues:

Property Taxes

Sales Taxes

Franchise Taxes

Occupancy

Unrestricted Investment Earnings

Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets - Beginning

Change in Accounting Principle (Note O)

Net Assets - Ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities		Total
		% s <del>\</del>	-	
\$	(401,724)		\$	(401,724)
	(1,004,946)			(1,004,946)
	43,047			43,047
	(551,224)			(551,224)
	(74,238)			(74,238)
	168,164			168,164
	(16,320)			(16,320)
	(77,290)			(77,290)
	(105,235)			(105,235)
	(235,209)			(235,209)
	(2,731)			(2,731)
	(54,794)			(54,794)
	(61,537)			(61,537)
	(183,044)			(183,044)
	(28,364)			(28,364)
	(5,997)			(5,997)
	(67,949)			(67,949)
	(2,659,391)			(2,659,391)
	-	\$ 404,880		404,880
	(742)	404,880	-	404,880
	(2,659,391)	404,880		(2,254,511)
	\	1,	-	
	1,014,687	***		1,014,687
	719,745			719,745
	303,606			303,606
	62,398			62,398
	35,112	59,809		94,921
	357,509	(357,509)		
	2,493,057	(297,700)		2,195,357
	(166,335)	107,180		(59,155)
	3,490,562	4,219,982		7,710,544
	(66,700)	(18,419)		(85,119)
5_	3,257,527	\$4,308,743	\$	7,566,270

CITY OF MULESHOE, TEXAS
BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

ASSETS:	_	General Fund	_	Economic Development	e (=	Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	685,621	\$	942,126	\$	132,375	\$	1 700 100
Receivables ( net of allowances for uncollectibles):	Ψ	003,021	Ψ	342,120	Φ	132,375	Φ	1,760,122
Property Taxes- Delinquent		118,574		522		19,500		138,074
Accounts		159,187				6,264		165,451
Paving Liens		21,775				0,204		21,775
Note's Receivable				174,120				174,120
Due from other funds						2,544		2,544
Due from Other Governments		5,323				1,116		6,439
Total Assets	-	990,480	-	1,116,246	-	161,799	_	2,268,525
	-	0001100	=	1,110,210	=	101,700	=	2,200,323
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	229,537	\$	4,805	\$	1,990	\$	236,332
Accrued wages		24,478		1,123	•	1966	*	25,601
Due to other funds		2,544		7		Set		2,544
Total Liabilities		256,559	-	5,928	_	1,990		264,477
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue- Property Taxes Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	118,574 118,574	_	(##)		19,500 19,500		138,074 138,074
					-			,
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable Fund Balances								
Paving liens Restricted Fund Balances		21,775		**				21,775
Retirement of Long-Term debt								
Economic Development		-		***		17,478		17,478
Hotel/Motel Occupancy Tax				1,110,318				1,110,318
Drug Seizure Proceeds		244		194		95,302		95,302
Street Maintenance		3 <del>48</del>		5 <del>48</del>		2,234		2,234
Assigned Fund Balances		1 <del>55</del>		199		25,295		25,295
Capital Expenditures for Equipment		00.004						
Unassigned		90,984		<del></del>		55		90,984
Total Fund Balance	-	502,588	_		-	110.000	_	502,588
Total Fund Dalance		615,347	-	1,110,318	_	140,309	-	1,865,974
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow								
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	990,480	œ.	1,116,246	\$	161 700	<b>c</b>	0.000 505
	Ψ	330,400	Φ	1,110,240	Φ=	161,799	\$	2,268,525

CITY OF MULESHOE, TEXAS
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

lotal fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet	\$ 1,865,974
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds.  Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.  Deferred Resource Outflows related to the debt refunding are not reported in the funds.  Payables for bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.  Payables for capital leases which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.  Payables for bond interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.  Landfill Closure liabilities which are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds.  Recognition of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability is not reported in the funds.  Deferred Resource Outflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.  Recognition of the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is not reported in the funds.  Deferred Resource Outflows related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.	4,989,286 138,074 120,384 (2,536,000) (53,611) (8,032) (286,854) (1,063,908) (342,389) 507,948 (83,015) 9,673
Net position of governmental activities - Statement of Net Position	\$ 3,257,527

CITY OF MULESHOE, TEXAS
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Revenue:  Property Taxes Sales Taxes Franchise Taxes Occupancy Taxes Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services Fines Interest Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$	General Fund  780,914  480,306  303,606   13,317  203,589  968,801  64,409  11,196  52,742  2,878,880	\$	Economic Development  119,720 20,954 13,302 153,976	\$	Other Governmental Funds  226,268 119,719 62,398 2,833 2,962 414,180	\$	Total Governmental Funds  1,007,182 719,745 303,606 62,398 13,317 203,589 968,801 67,242 35,112 66,044 3,447,036
Expenditures:								
Current:  General government  Police		406,086				4.000		406,086
Fire		879,564 82,885				1,990		881,554
Streets		387,554				110,000		82,885 497,554
Maintenance Equipment		69,847						69,847
Sanitation		613,103						613,103
Health and welfare		15,890						15,890
Parks		63,729						63,729
Swimming Pool		76,743						76,743
Library		217,293						217,293
Municipal Court		63,063						63,063
Golf Course		62,599						62,599
Code Enforcement		58,386						58,386
Economic development and assistance		122		128,627		61,935		190,562
Airport		33,525						33,525
Training Facility		5,997				**		5,997
Capital outlay		136,141				***		136,141
Debt service:								
Principal		31,000				226,000		257,000
Interest and fiscal charges	_	1,085	-		-	54,040	-	55,125
Total expenditures	_	3,204,490	_	128,627	-	453,965	-	3,787,082
Excess (deficiency) of revenues (under) expenditures		(325,610)		25,349		(39,785)		(340,046)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Operating transfers in		300,000				57,509		357,509
Capital Leases Proceeds		53,611		S <del>##</del>				53,611
Total other financing sources (uses)		353,611		:==		57,509		411,120
						•		
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over								
(under) expenditures and other financing uses		28,001		25,349		17,724		71,074
Fund balances October 1		587,346		1,084,969		122,585		1,794,900
Fund balances September 30	\$	615,347	s <sup>-</sup>	1,110,318	s <sup>-</sup>	140,309	s-	1,865,974
			-	- Asimiran la Asimira	=		=	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 71,074
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities ("SOA") are different because:	
Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA.  The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds.  Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year.  Landfill Closure expenses not requiring the use of current financial resources are not reported as expendit Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.  Repayment of loan principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.  Bond issuance costs and similar items are amortized in the SOA but not in the funds.  (Increase) decrease in accrued interest from beginning of period to end of period.  Proceeds of leases do not provide revenue in the SOA, but are reported as current resources in the funds.  Pension expense relating to GASB 68 is recorded in the SOA but not in the funds.	136,141 (398,142) 7,505 (38,450) 226,000 31,000 (12,898) 74 (53,611) (128,386) (6,642)
Change in net position of governmental activities - Statement of Activities	\$ (166,335)

CITY OF MULESHOE, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION ENTERPRISE FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Enterprise
	Fund
	Water
	and Sewer
	Fund
ASSET	
Current Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,591,652
Receivables ( net of allowances for uncollectibles):	Ψ 1,551,052
Accounts	100 107
	132,407
Deferred Expenditures	8,402
Total Current Assets	1,732,461
Non-Current Assets:	
Restricted assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	
Customer Meter Deposits	86,575
Certificates of Obligation 2016	1,561,290
Capital assets	1,001,000
Land	833,127
Buildings and Improvements	104,173
Machinery and Equipment	
Water and Sewer System	720,041
	6,063,143
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(4,130,652)
Construction in Progress	659,821
Total Non-Current Assets	5,897,518
Total Assets	7,629,979
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	134,540
Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB	2,671
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	137,211
	107,211
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	77.000
Accrued expenses	-
Accrued wages	10,744
	7,369
Current portion of long-term obligations	155,000
Total Current Liabilities	250,203
Payable from Restricted Assets:	
Customer Deposits	86,575
Noncurrent Liabilities	A
Long-term obligation payable after one year	2,722,808
Net Pension Liability	281,358
OPEB Liability	22,924
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	3,027,090
Total Liabilities	3,363,868
	3,300,000
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Inflow Related to Pensions	94,579
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	94,579
NET BOOK OF	
NET POSITION	
Investment in capital assets	2,933,136
Unrestricted (Deficit)	1,375,607
Total Net Position \$	4,308,743
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	- Innah In

CITY OF MULESHOE, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - ENTERPRISE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		Enterprise
	-	Fund
		Water
		and Sewer
	550	Fund
OPERATING REVENUES:		
Charges for services	\$	1,523,413
Rents		29,559
Miscellaneous		20,065
Total Operating Revenues	-	1,573,037
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Personnel services		480,450
Supplies		52,702
Maintenance		159,050
Other charges		216,258
Depreciation		191,887
Total Operating Expenses		1,100,347
Operating Income (Loss)		472,690
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):		
Interest revenue		50.000
Interest expense		59,808
Total Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)		(67,809)
Net Income (Loss) before Transfers		(8,001)
Net moone (2005) before transfers	-	464,689
Interfund operating transfers out		(357,509)
Change in net position	-	107,180
Net Position at October 1,		4,219,982
Prior Period Adjustment		(18,419)
Net Position at September 30,	\$	4,308,743
73	~=	1,000,170

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		Enterprise Fund
	Wa	ater and Sewer
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	-	Fund
Cash Received from Customers	\$	1,555,666
Cash Payments to Employees for Services		(481,188)
Cash Payments to Other Suppliers for Goods and Services	_	(344,979)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	-	729,499
Cash Flows from Non-capital Financing Activities:		
Operating Transfers From (To) Other Funds		(357,509)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-capital Financing Activities	-	(357,509)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:		
Proceeds from Certificates of Obligation		\$\tau_{1} = 1
Acquisition or Construction of Capital Assets		(754,682)
Interest and debt issue cost on debt		(241,910)
Net Cash Provided (Used) for Capital & Related Financing Activities		(996,592)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Interest and Dividends on Investments		59,808
Net Cash Provided (Used) for Investing Activities		59,808
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(504.704)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		(564,794) 3,804,311
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	3,239,517
Classified As:		
Current Assets	•	. == . ===
Restricted Assets	\$	1,591,652
Totals	\$	1,647,865 3,239,517
	Ψ	0,200,017
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	470 600
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash	Ψ	472,690
Provided by Operating Activities		
Depreciation		191,887
Amortization of Issuance Premium		(18,600)
Change in Assets and Liabilities:		
Decrease (Increase) in Receivables		(17,371)
Decrease (Increase) in Deferred Expenditures Decrease (Increase) in Deferred Outflows of Resources		681
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		3,002
Increase (Decrease) in Customer Deposits		40,990
Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability		3,515
Increase (Decrease) in OPEB Liability		(62,470) 22,924
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflow of Resources		92,251
Total Adjustments	-	256,809
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	729,499

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

# A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Muleshoe was incorporated on January 1, 1926, and adopted the Home Rule Charter in accordance with the statues of the State of Texas on July 3, 1960. The City of Muleshoe, herinafter called the City, operates under a Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, sanitation, health and social services, public improvements, planning, and general administrative services.

The basic financial statements of City Of Muleshoe, Texas (the "City") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles applicable to governmental units which are generally accepted in the United States of America. ("GAAP") promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards No, 69 of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

#### 1. Reporting Entity

The City's basic financial statements include the accounts of all its operations. The City evaluated whether any other entity should be included in these financial statements. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the City's reporting entity, as set forth in GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," include whether:

- the organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in its name)
- the City holds the corporate powers of the organization
- the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- the City is able to impose its will on the organization
- the organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the City
- there is fiscal dependency by the organization on the City
- the exclusion of the organization would result in misleading or incomplete financial statements

The City also evaluated each legally separate, tax-exempt organization whose resources are used principally to provide support to the City to determine if its omission from the reporting entity would result in financial statements which are misleading or incomplete. GASB Statement No. 14 requires inclusion of such an organization as a component unit when: 1) The economic resources received or held by the organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the City, its component units or its constituents; and 2) The City or its component units is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the organization; and 3) Such economic resources are significant to the City. The City has implemented GASB Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Componet Units." The city receives support from various originizations; however, none of these organizations meet the criteria specified by GASB Statement No. 39 to be included in the City's financial statements.

In conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, the following financial statements of component units have been included in the City's financial statements as blended component units.

They are:

Name of Component Unit

Muleshoe Economic Development Corporation Brief Description of Activities and Relationship to City

Reporting Funds

Promote, Assist and Enhance Economic Development in the City. Governed by a five member board of directors appointed by the Mayor and City Council.

Special Revenue Fund

All budgets, programs and policies

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

must be submitted to the City Council for approval.

Joint Ventures

The City of Muleshoe has the following joint ventures at September 30, 2018. The City of Muleshoe is in conjunction with the County of Bailey, Texas, Muleshoe Independent School District, Muleshoe Area Hospital District and High Plains Underground Water Conservation District No. 1 to create Bailey Central Appraisal District pursuant to the laws of the State of Texas, for the appraisal and collection of property taxes. Bailey Central Appraisal District is governed by a five-member board composed of three appointees by Muleshoe School District and one by the County of Bailey, Texas, and the City of Muleshoe. Each taxing entity is liable for its share of the cost of operating Bailey Central Appraisal District. In accordance with the agreement with each taxing entities, exess funds will be paid annually at the discretion of Bailey Central Appraisal District. All known costs and refunds have been shown in current financial statements Complete financial statements for Bailey Central Appraisal District, 302 Main, Muleshoe, Texas.

# Related Organization

The following organization was excluded from the financial reporting entity because the City's accountability does not extend beyond making appointments. Audited financial statements are available from the respective organization.

#### Related Organizations

Housing Authority of Muleshoe

# Brief Description of Activities and Relationship to the City

Administer Federal funding and/or other financing for improvement of housing conditions in the City. The five citizens who serve as the Governing Board are appointed by the Mayor and approved by the City Council. The City has no significant influence over the management, budget, or policies of the Housing Authority of Muleshoe. The Authority reports independently.

Additionally, the City is not a component unit of any other reporting entity as defined by the GASB Statement.

# 2. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

#### a. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The City does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Enterprise fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. This is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the City except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Economic Development. This fund accounts for sale tax revenue used for economic development.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water and Sewer Fund. This fund accounts for the operation of the City's water and sewer utility. Activities of this fund include administration, operation and maintenance of the water and sewer system and billing and collection activities. All cost are through charges made to utility customers with rates reviewed regularly and adjusted if necessary to ensure integrity of the fund.

In addition, the City reports the following fund types:

Governmental Funds:

Special Revenue Funds: The City accounts for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by the City or a grantor in a special revenue fund.

Debt Service Fund: The City accounts for resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds in a debt service fund.

#### b. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide and Enterprise Fund Financial Statements: These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and enterprise fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The City does not consider revenues collected after its year-end to be available in the current period. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

susceptible-to-accrual concept Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance cost are recognize during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premium received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issurance cost, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

When the City incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

#### 3. Financial Statement Amounts

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash of all funds, including restricted cash, are pooled into common pooled accounts in order to maximize investment opportunities. Each fund whose monies are deposited in the pooled cash accounts has equity therein, and interest earned on the investment of these monies is allocated based upon relative equity at month end. An individual fund's equity in the pooled cash accounts are available upon demand and are considered to "cash equivalents" when preparing these financial statements.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, highly liquid investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

# b. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period. The City has contract with Bailey Central Appraisal District for the collection of property taxes.

The City is permitted by the State of Texas to levy taxes up to \$2.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation. Within this \$2.50 maximum, there is no legal limit upon the the amount of taxes which may be levied for the debt service. The tax rate to finance general government service for the year ended September 30, 2018 was \$0.5747per \$100 which means that the City has a tax margin of \$1.9253 per \$100 and could raise up to \$2,605,277 additional a year from the present assessed valuation of \$135,317,994 before the limit is reached.

Allowances for uncollectible are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. In accordance with Texas Property Tax Code Sec. 33.05 Limitation on Collection of Taxes:

- Personal property may not be seized and a suit may not be filed:
  - To collect a tax on personal property that has been delinquent more than four years; or
  - To collect a tax on real property that has been delinquent more than 20 years.
  - A tax delinquent for more than the limitation period prescribed by this section and any penalty and interest on the tax is presumed paid unless a suit to collect the tax is pending.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

The collector for a taxing unit shall cancel and remove from the delinquent tax roll tax on real property that has been delinquent for more than 20 years or a tax on personal property that has been delinquent for more than 10 years if there is no pending litigation concerning the delinquent taxes at the time of the cancellation and removal.

Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General Fund General and Debt Service Funds are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the City is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

#### c. Inventories

Supply inventories are recorded by the purchase method. Under the purchase method inventory items are expensed at the time a liability is created. Because the City had an insignificant amount of inventory at year end, no amounts have been shown on the financial statement.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

#### d. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used.

The City (defined as a phase 3 government in GASB Statement No. 34 "Basic Financial Stemants-Managment's Discussion and Analysis- for State and Local Government") has elected not to retroactively rereport general infrastructure assets, therefore general infrastructure assets acquired or constructed prior to July 1, 2003 are not reported in the financial statements.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

		Estimated
Asset Class		Useful Lives
Infrastructure		50
Buildings		50
Building Improvements		20
Vehicles	9	5-15
Office Equipment		3-5
Computer Equipment		3-5

#### e. Receivable and Payable Balances

The City believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation. Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances.

There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of year end.

#### f. Unpaid Vacation and Sick Pay

The City does not have an obligation to pay unpaid sick pay on termination of an employee and unpaid vacation does not accumulate from year to year. Therefore, such amounts are not accrued by the City

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

#### g. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net assets.

#### h. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates.

#### i. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to August 1, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to September 15, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- 4. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Council. Total expenditures may not exceed total appropriation for any budgeted fund without amending the budget.
- 5. GASB Statement No. 34 Requires that budgetary comparison statements for the General Fund and major special funds be presented in the basic financial statements. These statements must display original budget, amended budget and actual results (on a budgetary basis).
- Budgets for the General and Economic Developement Funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). All appropriations lapse at year end.

Budgeted amount are as originally adopted, or as amended by the City Council throughout the year. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations which were amended.

#### j. Restricted Assets

These assets consist of cash restricted for customer meter deposits.

#### k. Fund Equity

Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid insurance) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Restricted Fund Balance - represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Debt services resources are to be used for future servicing of the Certificates of Obligations and are structed through debt covenants. Taxes collected for Ecomonic Development, Hotel/Motel Occupancy, and Street Maintenance, and proceeds received in Drug Seizures are restricted by enable legislation that requires the revenue to used for specific purposes.

Committed Fund Balance - represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose because of a formal action by the City Council. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes those constraints by taking the same type of formal action. Committed fund balance amounts may be used for other purposes with appropriate due process by the governing board. Commitments are typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. Committed fund balance amounts differ from restricted balances in that the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which the City intends to use for a specific purpose, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent may be stipulated by the City Council or by an official or body to which the City Council delegates the authority. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service or permanent fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type or the fund's primary purpose. Assignments within the general fund conveys that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the City itself.

Unassigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which are unconstrained in that they may be spent for any purpose. Only the general fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification because of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

When an expenditure is incurred for a purpose for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

Net Position on the Government-wide Statement:

In the government-wide statements, net position are reported in the three components- invested in capital assets net of related debt, restricted, and unrestricted. Invested in capital assets net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds or notes issued to acquire, construct or improve those assets. Restricted net position are reported when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributions, or laws or regulations of other governments or by enabling legislation. Unrestricted net position that do not meet the definition of either of the first categories of net position.

Unrestricted net position are assets available for use by the City for legal purpose. As of September 30, 2018, the City's unrestricted net position were a negative balance of \$392,775. The negative amount is a result of governments recognizing a liability, such as claims and judgements, compensated absences, pensions, OPED and loans, on the governmental-wide statements of net position as soon as the obligation is incurred. Because governments raise resources based on when liabilities are to be paid rather than when they are incurred, a negative balance in the unrestricted position occurs A deficit in unrestricted net position provides a measure of how much the District has already committed its future resources.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

#### 4. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and additions to or deductions from TMRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

# 5. New Accounting Standards Adopted

In fiscal year 2018, the City adopted a new statement of financial accounting standards issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB):

Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans

The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about support for OPEB that is provided by other entities.

This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, for OPEB.

The financial statements and note disclosures have been updated for the affects of the adoption of GASB Statement No. 75.

#### B. Compliance and Accountability

# 1. Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures," violations of finance-related legal and contractual provisions, if any, are reported below, along with actions taken to address such violations:

<u>Violation</u> None reported Action Taken
Not applicable

#### C. Deposits and Investments

The City's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the City's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect City funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

#### Cash Deposits:

At September 30, 2018, the carrying amount of the City's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was \$346,608 and the bank balance was \$500,156. The City's cash deposits at September 30, 2018 and during the year ended September 30, 2018, were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the City's agent bank in the City's name.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

#### Investments:

The City is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act, to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

The Public Funds Investment Act ("Act") requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies, the City adheed to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the City were in accordance with local policies.

The Act determines the types of investments which are allowable for the City. These include, with certain restrictions, 1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, 2) certificates of deposit, 3) certain municipal securities, 4) securities lending program, 5) repurchase agreements, 6) bankers acceptances, 7) mutual funds, 8) investment pools, 9) guaranteed investment contracts, and 10) commercial paper.

The City has invested in the Local Government Investment Cooperative (LOGIC).

LOGIC is organized pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act of the State of Texas, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code as amended, and is designed to provide participating local governments with an investment vehicle for local funds not required to be spent immediately and available for investment in securities with maturities and returns generally greater than those for money market instruments. LOGIC invests in investments authorized under the Public Funds Investment Act. Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code.

The City's temporary investments at September 30, 2018 are shown below.

			Average	
	Carrying	Market	Maturity	
	 Amount	Value	(DAYS)	
LOGIC	\$ 4,650,849	4,650,849	40	_

The market values investment in LOGIC is based on quoted market values. The investments are reported by the School District at amortized cost in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement (GASB) No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools." All gains/losses that are reported in the financial statements are for realized gains/losses. In accordance with GASB 31, no unrealized gains/losses were recognized.

Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the City was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

#### a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk At year end, the City was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

# b. Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for investment is the risk that in the event for the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of outer parties. The City's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the City's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance. The City's cash deposits at September 30, 2018 were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the City's agent bank in the City's name. Since the City's deposits are covered by depository insurance and pledged securities, it has no custodial credit risk for deposits.

#### c. Concentration of Credit Risk

The investement policy of the City contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer. Investment in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury Securities, Mutual Funds, and External Investment Pools) That respresent five percent or more of the total entity investments represent a concentration risk. At September 30, 2018, all of the City's investment are in the bank investments completely covered by pedged securities, or an external investment pool.

#### d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the City was not exposed to interest rate risk.

#### e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the City was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

#### D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2018, was as follows:

Governmental activities:	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Capital assets not being depreciated:  Land \$	612,284 \$	,	<b>t</b>	<b>A</b> 040.004
Construction in progress	231,666		\$ <del>=</del>	\$ 612,284
Total capital assets not being depreciated	843,950	(**		231,666 843,950
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	4,273,593	54,030	77:	4,327,623
Machinery and Equipment	3,885,485	82,111	TE:	3,967,596
Infrastructure	274,782			274,782
Airport Improvements	1,879,687	==	**	1,879,687
Total capital assets being depreciated	10,313,547	136,141	202	10,449,688
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(1,408,705)	(147,216)	22	(1,555,920)
Machinery and Equipment	(2,734,384)	(231,569)	225	(2,965,953)
Infrastructure	(27,478)	(5,496)	ee:	(32,974)
Airport Improvemenrts	(1,735,644)	(13,861)		(1,749,505)
Total accumulated depreciation	(5,906,211)	(398,142)		(6,304,352)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	4,407,336	(262,000)	-	4,145,336
Governmental activities capital assets, net	5,251,286 \$	(262,000) \$		\$ 4,989,286

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

D. C.	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases		Ending Balances
Business-type activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:  Land \$\$	000 107 4		•		
	833,127 \$		\$	\$	833,127
Construction in progress	262,923	396,898	-		659,821
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,096,050	396,898	155		1,492,948
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	104,173	**			104,173
Machinery and Equipment	685,041	35,000	(##)		720,041
Water and Sewer System	5,740,359	322,784	**		6,063,143
Total capital assets being depreciated	6,529,574	357,784	=======================================		6,887,358
Less accumulated depreciation for:				_	
Buildings and improvements	(66,859)	(2,222)	55		(69,081)
Machinery and Equipment	(593,434)	(35,854)	-		(629,288)
Water and Sewer System	(3,278,471)	(153,812)	2227		(3,432,283)
Total accumulated depreciation	(3,938,764)	(191,887)	**		(4,130,652)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	2,590,810	165,897	P# 1		2,756,706
Business-type activities capital assets, net	3,686,859 \$	562,795	<u></u>	\$	4,249,654

Depreciation was charged to Governmental Activities functions as follows:

General Government Police	\$	19,672 71,752
Fire		81,157
Streets		38,923
Sanitation		53,839
Health and Welfare		430
Parks		19,443
Swimming Pool		77,962
Library		7,197
Golf Course		7,795
Airport	961	19,972
4	\$	398,142

Depreciation was charged to Business-type Activities functions as follows:

Water and Sewer

\$\_\_\_\_191,887

# E. Interfund Balances and Activity

# 1. Due To and From Other Funds

Balances due to and due from other funds at September 30, 2018, consisted of the following:

Due To Fund	Due From Fund	 Amount	Purpose
Debt Service Fund	General Fund	\$ 2,544	Reimbursement of Taxes
All amounts due are scheduled t	o be repaid within one year.		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

### 2. Transfers To and From Other Funds

Transfers to and from other funds at September 30, 2018, consisted of the following:

Transfers From	Transfers To	Amount	Reason
Water and Sewer Fund	General fund	\$ 300,000	Supplement other funds sources
Water and Sewer Fund	Debt Service Fund	57,509	Payment of Debt
	Total	\$ 357,509	

# F. Long-Term Obligations

# 1. Long-Term Obligation Activity

Long-term obligations include debt and other long-term liabilities. Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended September 30, 2018, are as follows:

	_	Beginning Balance	Inc	reases	- :	Decreases	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental activities: General Obligation								
Refunding Bond Series 2015 Capital leases	\$	2,762,000 \$		 53,611	\$	226,000 \$	2,536,000 \$ 53,611	232,000 26,584
Notes Payable		31,000		**		31,000	122	( <del>111</del> )
Net Pension Liability *		1,290,128		-		226,220	1,063,908	
OPEB Liability *				83,015			83,015	
Estimated Liability for								
Landfill Closure Cost*	-	248,404		38,450		( <del>911</del>	286,854	2 <b>44</b> 0
Total governmental activities	\$	4,331,532 \$		175,076	\$_	483,220 \$	4,023,388 \$	258,584
Business-type activities: Certificates of Obligation								
Series 2016 Certificates of Obligation	\$	2,795,000 \$			\$	155,000 \$	2,640,000	155,000
Issuance Premium		257,090		ee:		19,282	237,808	189
Net Pension Liability *		343,828		===		62,470	281,358	1996
OPEB Liability *				22,924			22,924	
Total business-type activities  * Other long-term liabilities	\$	3,395,918 \$	-		\$_	236,752 \$	3,182,090 \$	155,000

The funds typically used to liquidate other long-term liabilities in the past are as follows:

Liability	Activity Type	Fund		
Net Pension Libility *	Governmental	General		
OPEB Liability *	Governmental	General		
Estimated Liability for				
Landfill Closure Cost	Governmental	General		
Net Pension Liability *	Business-type	Water and Sewer		

# 2. Debt Service Requirements

Debt service requirements on long-term debt at September 30, 2018, are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	Governmental Activities					
	Principal		Interest		Total	
2019	\$ 258,584	\$	50,891	\$	309,475	
2020	261,027		45,694		306,722	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

2021	240,000	39,780	279,780
2022	246,000	34,823	280,823
2023	252,000	29,743	281,743
2024-2028	1,332,000	68,972	1,400,972
2029-2033	8 <u>44</u> 8	422	-
Totals	\$ 2,589,611 \$	269,903 \$	2,859,515

	Business-type Activities						
Year Ending September 30.		Principal		Interest		Total	
2019	\$	155,000	\$	83,700	5	238,700	
2020		160,000		80,550		240,550	
2021	34	165,000		77,300		242,300	
2022		165,000		73,175		238,175	
2023		170,000		68,150		238,150	
2024-2028		940,000		258,450		1,198,450	
2029-2033		885,000		72,500		957,500	
Totals	\$	2,640,000	\$	713,825 \$		3,353,825	

#### Certificates of Obligation

On November 1, 2015, City of Muleshoe issued General Obligation Refunding Bond Series 2015 of 2,855,000 due in various annual installments of \$32,00 to \$278,000 through 2028 at interest of 2.04%, to refund the City's oustanding City of Muleshoe, Texas Tax and Waterworks and Sewer System (Limited Pledge) Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2007, of \$2,655,000 with interest and pay the costs of issuing the bonds.

The City of Muleshoe issued Tax and Waterworks and Sewer System Revenue Certificate of Obligation, Series 2016, in the amount of \$2,795,000, dated November 10, 2016, for the following purposes: improvements to the city waterworks and sewer system treatment plant and professional services rendered in relation to such projects. The City of Muleshoe pledge the net revenues of City's Waterworks and System and the levy and collection of direct ad valorem tax on taxable property within the City of Muleshoe for payment on the certificates of Obligation, therefore the liability for the Certificate of Obligation is recorded in the financial statement of the Water and Sewer Fund.

The Certificates of Obligation are secure by a countinuing direct annual ad valorem tax on all taxable property within the city sufficient to provide for the payment of principal of and interest on the obligations payable,

The City entered into a lease-purchase agreement for a 2018 International Dump Truck on Februay 1, 2018, with Community First National Bank, Manhattan, KS for a total cost of \$53,611. This lease-purchase is to be paid in annual payments of \$28,107 each at an interest rate of 4 percent. The payments are secured with a security interest under the Uniform Commercial Code on 2018 International Dump Truck.

September 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ 26,584	1,523	28,107
2020	\$ 27,027 \$	1,079	\$ 28,107
Total	\$ 53,611 \$	2,602	\$ 56,214

#### G. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2018, the City obtained general liability coverage at a cost that is considered to be economically justifiable by joining together with other governmental entities in the State as a member of the Texas Municipal League Intergovernmental Risk Pool ("TML"). TML is a self-funded pool operating as a common risk management and insurance program. The City pays an annual premium to TML for its above insurance coverage. The agreement for the formation of TML provides that TML will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of acceptable risk levels;

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

however, each category of coverage has its own level of reinsurance. The City continues to carry commercial insurance for other risks of loss. There were no significant reductions in commercial insurance coverage in the past fiscal year and settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### H. Pension Plan

1. Plan Description The City participates as one of 860 plans in the nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit pension plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is an agency created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of the System with a six-member Board of Trustees. Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS's defined benefit pension plan is a tax-qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.tmrs.com.

All eligible employees of the City are required to participate in TMRS.

#### 2. Benefits Provided

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's contributions, with interest, and the City-financed monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefit in one of seven payments options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a Partial Lump Sum Distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the member's deposits and interest.

Employees covered by benefit terms:

At the December 31, 2017 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	25
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	28
Active employees	35
Total covered employees	88

#### 3. Contributions

The contribution rates for employees in TMRS are either 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings, and the City matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the City. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each City is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees for the City were required to contribute 7.0% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City were 15.78% and 17.02% in calendar years 2017 and 2018, respectively. The City's contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2018 were \$229,654, and were equal to the required contributions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

# 4. Net Pension Liability

The City's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2017 and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liality was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

#### Actuarial assumptions:

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation

3% per year

Overall payroll growth

3% per year

Investment Rate of Return

7%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, and beneficiaries were based on the gender-distinct RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table, with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103%. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale BB to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the gender-distinct RP2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table is used, with slight adjustments.

Actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The experience study in TMRS was for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014, first used in the December 31, 2015 valuation. Healthy post-retirement mortality rates and annuity purchase rates were updated based on a Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011, and dated December 31, 2013. These assumptions were first used in the December 31, 2013 valuation, along with a change to the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. Assumptions are reviewed annually.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 6.75%. The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the TMRS Board of Trustees. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income, in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

	Increase (Decrease	se)	
\$	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension
	Liability	Net Position	Liability
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)
\$	9,316,429 \$	7,682,473 \$	1,633,956
	217,345	***	217,345
	623,937		623,937
	: <del>20</del> 0		**
*1	237,819	¥-	237,819
	**		Ne.
		213,126	(213,126)
	\$	\$ Total Pension Liability (a) \$ 9,316,429 \$ 217,345 623,937	Liability Net Position (a) (b)  \$ 9,316,429 \$ 7,682,473 \$  217,345

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Contributions - employee			95,687		(95,687)
Net investment income		**	1,064,776		(1,064,776)
Benefit payments, including					, , , ,
refunds of employee contributions	;	(363,187)	(363,187)	,	
Administrative expense		22	(5,518)	ı	5,518
Other changes		**	(280)		280
Net changes	\$_	715,914	\$ 1,004,604	\$	(288,690)
Balance at 12/31/2017	\$_	10,032,343	\$ 8,687,077	\$	1,345,266

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 5.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.75%) than the current rate.

	Decrease in scount Rate	Discount Rate	1% Increase in Discount Rate
City's net pension liability	\$ 2,708,457 \$	1,345,266	\$ 222,507

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.tmrs.com.

5. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$390,914.

At September 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Differences between expected and actual	_	erred Outflows Resources	 erred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	255,400	\$ 122
Changes in actuarial assumptions Difference between projected and actual	\$	3,527	\$ 748
investment earnings Contributions subsequent to the measure-	\$	215,216	\$ 436,986
ment date	\$	168,344	\$ 
Total	\$	642,487	\$ 436,986

\$168,344 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending September 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended Dec. 31:	
2018	\$ 160,174
2019	\$ 94,816
2020	\$ (108,573)
2021	\$ (109,242)
Thereafter	\$ 

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

#### Health Care Coverage

During the year ended September 30, 2018, employees of the City were covered through TML MultiState IEBP, The City paid premiums of \$557 per month per employee and dependents to the Plan. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay premiums for dependents. Under this plan, the City is not liable for costs incurred beyound the premiums paid.

### J. Commitments and Contingencies

The City is contingently liable in respect to lawsuits and other claims incidental to the ordinary course of its operations. In the opinion of City management, based on the advice of the City Attorney, such matters will not have a materially adverse effect on the City's financial position at September 30, 2018.

The City has been the recipient of numerous grants-in-aid, for which it is required to comply with specific terms and agreements as well as applicable Federal and State laws and regulations. In the opinion of management, the City has complied with all requirements. However, in the event of audit by grantor agencies and disallowance of any claimed expenditures, the resulting liability would be payable by the General Fund or other funds of the City.

# K. Closure and Postclosure Care Cost

State and federal laws and regulations require the City to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site after closure. In addition to operating expense related to current activities of the landfill, a related liability will be recognized in the General Long-Term Debt Account based on the furture closure and postclosure care costs that will be incurred near or after the date that the landfill no longer accepts waste, The recognition of these landfill closure and post closure care costs is based on the amount of the landfill used during the year. The estimated liability for landfill closure and postclosure care cost has a balance of \$286,854 as of September 30, 2018, which is based on 37.92% usage (filled) of the landfill. It is estimated that an additional \$412,174 will be recognized as closure and postclosure care expenses between the balance sheet and the date the landfill is expected to be filled to capacity. The estimated total current cost of the landfill closure and postclosure care (\$699,028) is based on the amount that would be paid if all equipment, facilities, and services required to close, monitor, and maintain the landfill were acquired as of September 30, 2018. However, the actual cost of closure and post closure cost may be may be highter due to inflation, changes in techology, or changes in landfill laws and regulations.

The City is required by Texas Natural Resource Conversation Commission to satisfy certain requirements of financial assurance for closure and post closure cost by meeting certain financial test. In the opinion of City Management, all financial assurance requirements have been met at September 30, 2018.

The total amount of landfill closure and postclosure care cost for current period in the amount of \$38,450 (required by GASB 18) increase the amount of estimated liability for landfill closure ane postclosure care cost as a Long-term Liability.

#### L. Notes Receivable

The Muleshoe Economic Development Corporation has loaned various individuals money for economic development purposes. These receivables are reflected in the State of Net Position and Balance Sheet as an assets.

#### M. Sanitation Disposal Contract

The City entered a contract beginning September 1, 2003 with South Plains Waste Service, Inc. of Olton, Texas for the removal and disposal of trash from the City. Rates are based on residential and commercial usage.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

# N. Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans

## 1 Benefit Plan Description

Texas Municipal Retirement System ("TMRS") administers a defined benefit group-term life insurance plan known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund ("SDBF"). This is a voluntary program in which participating member cities may elect, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage for their active members, including or not including retirees. The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death). The death benefit for retirees is considered an other postemployment benefit ("OPEB") and is a fixed amount of \$7,500. As the SDBF covers both active and retiree participants, with no segregation of assets, the SDBF is considered to be an unfunded OPEB plan (i.e. no assets are accumulated). The member city contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year. The intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers.

# 2 Measurement Date as of December 31, 2017

Actuarial Valuation and Measurement Date, December 31, 2017

Membership Number of -Inactive employees currently receiving benefits - Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits -Active employeees Total	15 4 35 54
Covered Payroll	\$1,366,952
Changes in the Total OPEB Liability Total OPEB Liability – beginning of year Changes for the year	\$90,990
Service Cost	4,238
Interest on Total OPEB Liability	3,504
Changes of benefit terms	:==
Differences between expected and actual experience	***
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	8,027
Benefit payments	(820)
Net changes	14,949
Total OPEB Liability – end of year	\$105,939
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	7.75%

### 3 Summary of Assumptions

Inflation
Salary increases
Discount rate
Retirees' share of benefit-related costs
Administrative expenses

2.5% 3.50% to 10.5% including inflation 3.31%

All administrative expenses are paid through the Pension Trust and accounted for under reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 68.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Mortality rates - service retirees

RP2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% and projected on a fully generational basis with scale BB.

Mortality rates - disabled retirees

RP2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% with a 3 year set-forward for both males and females. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale BB to account for future mortality improvements subject to the 3% floor.

\*The discount rate was based on the Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" rate as of December 31, 2017.

Note: The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period December 31, 2010 to December 31, 2014.

4 Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

	:	2.31% 126,340	3.31% \$105,939		ase 4.31% 9,886	
		120,540	\$103,939	фоз	9,000	
	OPEB Expense: Service cost				<b>#</b> 4.000	
		a la ilita			\$4,238	
	nterest on total OPEB li	•			3,504	
	Changes in benefit term				2 <del>20</del>	
	Employer administrative				125	
ŀ	Recognition of deferred					
	Differences between e		•		**	
_	Changes in assumption	ns or othe	r inputs		1,618	
- 1	otal OPEB expense				\$9,360	=
6 [	Deferred (Inflows)/Outflo	ws of Re	sources			
				Derred		Deferred
			(	Inflows		Outflows
				of Resource	ces	of Resources
Ε	ifferences between exp	pected ar	id actual experience			¥E:
	Changes in assumptions	s and oth	er inputs			6,409
	Contributions made sub-	sequent t	o measurement date			5,935
	otal	•				\$12,344

Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources, by year, to be recognized in future OPEB expense (excluding contributions made subsequent to the measurement date):

	Net deferred
	outflows
	(inflows) of
	resources
2,018	\$1,618
2,019	1,618
2,020	1,618
2,021	1,555
2,022	0220
	\$6,409

Total

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

# O. Prior Period Adjustment

During fiscal year 2018, the City adopted GASB Statement No. 75 for Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. With GASB 75, the City must assume their proportionate share of the Net OPEB liability of the Texas Municipal Retirement System Supplemental Death Benefits Fund. Adoption of GASB 75 required a prior period adjustment to report the effect of GASB 75 retroactively. The prior period adjustment totaled the following:

	Pric Per Adju	•		Restated Beginning Balance		
Government Activities	\$	(66,700)	d	3,423,862		
Business-type Activities	\$	(18,419)		4,201,563		

### P. Healthcare-related Post-Employment Benefits

The City has an other postemployment benefit (OPEB) for health-related benefits. The OPEB for health-related benifits is not administered though a qualifying tust, and is funded by a pay-as-you-go fuding strategy.

An employee that retires from the City shall be eligible for retiree and dependent medical dental, and vision insurance subject to the health insurance plan that is in place at the time of retirement.

For an employee that is eligible to retire and was hired prior to March 12, 2002, the City will contribute an amount toward the cost of the retiree and dependent medical, dental, and vision insurance equal to amount provided to regular full-time employee for a period of five (5) years or until that retiree becomes eligible for Medicare or is covered by another health insurance plan. Any additional cost will be the responsibilty of the retiree.

For an employee that is eligible to retire and was hired after March 12, 2002, and has been continuously employed by the City for 20 years or more and has reached the age of sixty (60) City will contribute an amount toward the cost of the retiree and dependent medical, dental, and vision insurance equal to amount provided to regular full-time employee for a period of five (5) years or until that retiree becomes eligible for Medicare or is covered by another health insurance plan. Any additional cost will be the responsibility of the retiree.

The City has not recorded the liability for this OPED as required by GASB 75 in the current fisal year ending September 30, 2018. In the opinion of City Management the unrecord OPEB liability will not have a materially adverse effect on the City's financial position at September 30, 2018.

Required Supp	plementary Information
Required supplementary information includes financia Accounting Standards Board but not considered a part of	al information and disclosures required by the Governmental f the basic financial statements.
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# CITY OF MULESHOE, TEXAS GENERAL FUND

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		Budgete	d An	nounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive
	-	Original	G 7 (1)	Final		Actual		(Negative)
Revenue:	-	o ng. na.	-	1 (110)	_	Hotaai	-	(Negative)
Property Taxes	\$	935,500	\$	935,500	\$	780,914	\$	(154,586)
Sales Taxes	*	461,500	Ψ.	461,500	Ψ	480,306	Ψ	18,806
Franchise Taxes		275,000		275,000		303,606		28,606
Licenses and permits		12,700		12,700		13,317		617
Intergovernmental		12,700		12,700		203,589		203,589
Charges for services		931,600		931,600		968,801		37,201
Fines		67,750		67,750		64,409		(3,341)
Interest		5,500		5,500		11,196		5,696
Miscellaneous		43,800		43,800		52,742		8,942
Total revenues	-	2,733,350	_	2,733,350	_		-	
Total Tovolides	-	2,733,330	10-	2,733,330	-	2,878,880	-	145,530
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		358,743		358,743		406,086		(47,343)
Police		872,050		872,050		879,564		(7,514)
Fire		91,500		91,500		82,885		, , ,
Streets		423,094		423,094		387,554		8,615
Maintenance Equipment		72,103	39	72,103				35,540
Sanitation		649,058		649,058		69,847		2,256
Health and welfare		049,036		049,036		613,103 15,890		35,955
Parks		42,300		42,300		63,729		(15,890)
Swimming Pool		73,500		73,500		76,743		(21,429)
Library		223,633		223,633		217,293		(3,243)
Municipal Court		66,763		66,763		63,063		6,340
Golf Course		67,646		67,646		62,599		3,700 5,047
Code Enforcement		60,576		60,576		58,386		2,190
Airport		39,650		39,650		33,525		
Training Facility		9,200		9,200		5,997		6,125 3,203
Capital outlay		132,000		132,000		136,141		(4,141)
Debt service:		132,000		132,000		130,141		(4,141)
Principal		31,000		31,000		31,000		
Interest and fiscal charges				31,000		1,085		(1,085)
Total expenditures	-	3,212,816	-	3,212,816	-	3,204,490	-	8,326
	-	0,212,010	-	0,212,010	-	3,204,430		0,320
Excess (deficiency) of revenues (under) expenditures		(479,466)		(479,466)		(325,610)		153,856
Other financia a course (v.								
Other financing sources (uses):								
Operating transfers in		300,000		300,000		300,000		***
Capital Leases Proceeds		**	-	V777	_	53,611	_	53,611
Total other financing sources (uses)		300,000	_	300,000		353,611		(53,611)
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over								
(under) expenditures and other financing uses		(179,466)		(179,466)		28,001		207,467
(223) onponditional and other interioring abos		(175,400)		(173,400)		20,001		201,401
Fund balances October 1		587,346		587,346		587,346		2 <del>40</del> 2
Fund balances September 30	\$	407,880	\$	407,880	\$	615,347	\$	207,467
•		7					=	

CITY OF MULESHOE, TEXAS ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Revenue:	-	Budgete Original	d An	nounts Final	_	Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Sales Taxes	\$	110,000	\$	110,000	\$	119,720	\$	9,720
Interest	Ψ	9,506	Ψ	9,506	Ψ	20,954	Ψ	11,448
Miscellaneous						13,302		13,302
Total revenues	-	119,506	-	119,506	-	153,976	2	34,470
Expenditures: Current: Economic development and assistance		136,294		136,294		128,627		7,667
Total expenditures	-	136,294		136,294	_	128,627	-	7,667
Excess (deficiency) of revenues (under) expenditures	_	(16,788)		(16,788)		25,349		42,137
Other financing sources (uses): Total other financing sources (uses)	-	7 <del>44</del>	=	₩,	=	I MAN	-	2 <b></b> 2
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses		(16,788)		(16,788)		25,349		42,137
Fund balances October 1 Fund balances September 30	\$	1,084,969 1,068,181	\$ <u></u>	1,084,969 1,068,181	\$	1,084,969 1,110,318	\$_	42,137

**CITY OF MULESHOE, TEXAS** SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Total pension liability	2014 2015 2016 2017
Service Cost Interest (on the Total Pension Liability) Changes of benefit terms Difference between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Net Change in Total Pension Liability	\$ 184,619 \$ 212,058 \$ 213,582 \$ 217,345 538,551 567,622 580,931 623,937 (74,027) 16,982 231,788 237,819 - 30,665 (252,849) (242,269) (418,921) (363,187) 396,294 585,058 607,380 715,914
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	7,727,697 8,123,991 8,709,049 9,316,429
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ <u>8,123,991</u> \$ <u>8,709,049</u> \$ <u>9,316,429</u> \$ <u>10,032,343</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	
Contributions - Employer Contributions - Employee Net Investment Income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative Expense Other Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 227,385 \$ 218,865 \$ 215,189 \$ 213,126 88,576 91,630 94,805 95,687 388,131 10,671 493,602 1,064,776 (252,849) (242,269) (418,920) (363,187) (4,052) (6,500) (5,575) (5,518) (333) (321) (300) (280) 446,858 72,076 378,801 1,004,604
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	6,784,738 7,231,596 7,303,672 7,682,473
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	<u>7,231,596</u> <u>7,303,672</u> <u>7,682,473</u> <u>8,687,077</u>
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 892,395 \$ 1,405,377 \$ 1,633,956 \$ 1,345,266
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	89.02% 83.86% 82.46% 86.59%
Covered Employee Payroli	\$ 1,265,377 \$ 1,309,003 \$ 1,354,354 \$ 1,366,952
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	70.52% 107.36% 120.64% 98.41%

Only four years of data is presented in accordance with GASBS #68, paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

CITY OF MULESHOE, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM

	3	2015	2016	2017	20	018
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$	222,738\$	214,497	\$ 212,58	30 22	9,654
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		(222,738)	(214,497)	(212,58	0) (22	9,654)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_	<del></del> \$	(	\$	_ =	
Covered employee payroll	\$	1,294,694 \$	1,314,140 \$	\$ 1,339,82	6 1,37	7,622
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		17.20%	16.32%	15.87%	% 16	5.67%

Only four years of data is presented in accordance with GASBS #68, paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM

# Total OPEB liability

Service Cost Interest (on the Total OPEB Liability) Changes of benefit terms Difference between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Net Change in OPEB Liability	\$ 4,238 3,504 - - 8,027 (820) 14,949
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	90,990
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 105,939
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 1,366,952
Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	7.75%

The plan covers both active and retiree benfits with no segregation of assets, and therefore doesn't meet difinition of a trust under GASB 75 (i.e., no assets are accumulated for OPEB) and as such the plan is considered to be an unfunded OPEB plan.

Only one year of data is presented in accordance with GASBS #75, paragraph 245. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

#### Valuation Date:

Notes

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31

and become effective in January 13 months later.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

**Actuarial Cost Method** 

Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method

Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed

Remaining Amortization Period 29 years

Asset Valuation Method

10 Year smoothed market; 15% soft corridor

Inflation

2.50%

Salary Increases

3.50% to 10.50% including inflation

Investment Rate of Return

6.75%

Retirement Age

Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the City's plan of benefits. Last updated for the 2015 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the

period 2010- 2014.

Mortality

RP2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% and projected on a

fully generational basis with scale BB.

Other Information:

**Notes** 

There were no benefit changes during the year.